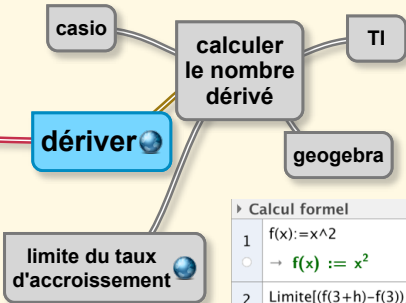


```
d/dx(X^2-2,3) 6
Solve d/dx(X^2-2,3)
```

```
NUM CPX PRB nbreDérivé(X^2,X,
2:→Déc 1.5) 3
3:→
4:→f(
5:→J
6:→xfMin(
7:→xfMax(
8:→nbreDérivé(
```



► Calcul formel

1	$f(x) = x^2$
○	→ $f(x) := x^2$
2	Limite[(f(3+h)-f(3))/h, h, 0]
○	→ 6